

## Subject : Constitutional Law - I

Day : Friday

Date : 08/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q.No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Q.No. 1 carries 20 marks and all other question carry 12 marks each.

**Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR**:

- a) Right of Arrested Person
- b) Right to Privacy
- c) Types of citizenship
- d) Eminent Domain
- e) Bandhu Mukti Morcha case
- f) Fundamental duties

**Q.2** Explain the nature and scope of Fundamental Rights.

**Q.3** Art. 15 applies the general principle of equality before law embodied in Art 14 to specific situations. It prohibits certain classification which could be justified under Art. 14 and expressly requires making of certain classifications which could impliedly be within the reach of Art. 14. Comment with the help of Landmark cases.

**Q.4** 'It is plain and indisputable that under our Constitution law cannot be arbitrary or irrational and if it is, it would be clearly invalid under Art. 21'. Discuss with the help of Maneka Gandhi Case.

**Q.5** Elucidate the several freedom guaranteed by Art. 19 of the constitution along with its reasonable restriction.

**Q.6** What is secularism and under which Article it is embodied in the Indian Constitution? Discuss with important case laws.

**Q.7** 'The fundamental right to move to Supreme Court can be appropriately described as the cornerstone of the democratic edifice raised by the constitution.' Explain the remedy available under Art. 32.

**Q.8** Write a critical essay on cultural and educational rights of minority.

**Q.9** 'The Indian constitution is founded on the bedrock of the balance between Part III and IV.' Explain with important case laws.

**Q.10** Critically evaluate the concept of Public Interest Litigation with the help of important case laws.

Subject : Sociology-I

Day : Tuesday  
Date : 19/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt any six questions in all including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) Q. No. 1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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**Q. 1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Cultural Lag
- b) Deviant sub – culture
- c) Ideal Method
- d) Association
- e) Customs
- f) Need of social controls

**Q. 2** Do you agree the view that sociology can never be a science? If no explain.

**Q. 3** Define social Institution. How does it differ from an association?

**Q. 4** Explain the various types of society.

**Q. 5** Discuss the advantages and limitations of the methods of study of sociology.

**Q. 6** “Sociology and Jurisprudence are intimately related to each other”. Explain its importance to law students.

**Q. 7** Define social control and discuss various means of social control.

**Q. 8** Explain the term “Deviant Behaviour” and state the various causes of deviant behaviour.

**Q. 9** Examine the effect of technological factors on social change.

**Q.10** Describe the characteristics of primary group and distinguish it with secondary group.

Subject : Fundamental of Management

Day : Friday

Date : 15/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions including Q.1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) **Q.1** carries **20** Marks and all other questions carry **12** Marks each.
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**Q.1** Write a short notes **ANY FOUR**

- a) Supervision
- b) Communication
- c) Co-ordination
- d) MIS
- e) Line and Staff conflict
- f) Decentralization

**Q.2** "Management is a social process involving co-ordination of human and material resources" Explain with reference to basic concept of organization.

**Q.3** "Feedback can affect all the managerial functions so that deviations can be removed and goals can be accomplished." Discuss the concept of feedback and its importance as an ingredient of Controlling.

**Q.4** "Organizing indicates the development of sound organizational structure according to a pre-determined plan." Elucidate with reference to staffing.

**Q.5** Explain the evolution of management thought from the Classical to the Modern era.

**Q.6** "Scientific Management emphasized detailed, precise planning of work to achieve efficiency". Describe in detail scientific management and its merits and demerits.

**Q.7** Explain the Hawthorne Experiment and the behavioral approach.

**Q.8** Define "Delegation". What are the reasons to delegate? Which are the merits and demerits of delegation?

**Q.9** "Motivation is a managerial function to inspire, encourage and impel people to take desired action." What is motivation and what is Maslow's Theory of motivation?

**Q.10** Define leadership. Which are the different styles of leadership?



Subject : General English-I

Day : Tuesday

Date : 12/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

- Q.1**
- A)** Combine the following sentences using connectives (**ANY FIVE**) **(10)**
- i) He is a Philosopher. He is a poet. (both.....and)
  - ii) He is a man of common sense .He is not learned in books. (but)
  - iii) He will succeed. He has worked hard. (because)
  - iv) He is nice. He is honest. (not only -----but also)
  - v) You work hard. You will improve (as long as).
  - vi) He is not wrong. I am not wrong. (neither----- nor)
- B)** Correct the following sentences: **(10)**
- i) He shaked the glass.
  - ii) He dare not to beat his wife.
  - iii) My spectacle is broken.
  - iv) She sided him.
  - v) The Magistrate passed order.
- Q.2**
- A)** Rewrite as Directed (**ANY FIVE**) **(10)**
- i) The sun rose. The fog disappeared. (make it compound)
  - ii) He said, "I will come here." (change into indirect speech)
  - iii) Spare the rod and spoil the child. (make it complex)
  - iv) Promises should be kept. (change the voice)
  - v) One cannot gather grapes from thistle. (change the voice)
- B)** Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions. **(10)**
- i) Forty students competed ----- one another----- a single scholarship.
  - ii) He was disqualified ----- the post on account ----- discrepancy of age.
  - iii) I have no influence ----- that man.
  - iv) You can appeal ----- a higher court and apply -----a fresh trial.
  - v) You must apologies----- him----- what you have done.
  - vi) The court sentenced him ----- six month imprisonment for theft.
  - vii) He took advantage ----- my ignorance.
  - viii) A man of honour will adhere ----- his conviction.
  - ix) He yearns ----- affection.
  - x) Do not throw a stone ----- the stray dog.

P.T.O.

- Q3** Explain the following Legal Terms (ANY FIVE) (10)
- a) Abandon
  - b) Accomplice
  - c) Plaintiff
  - d) Hostile Witness
  - e) Extortion
  - f) Evidence

- Q.4** Read the following passage& answer the questions given below. (15)

The telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell in 1875 and improved by Thomas Edison a few years later. Over the years its use has spread and today different places in the world are connected by a vast network of telephone links.

When you talk to your friend on the telephone, your voice is turned into electrical signals by a microphone in the mouthpiece. Your friend hears your voice because the signals are turned back into sound by a loudspeaker in the earpiece.

Telephones can do much more now than ever before. Some types can store numbers, so you do not need to dial those that you use most often. Others can call someone back automatically if the line is engaged: allow you to speak without lifting the handset: set up telephone lines where several people can hear and speak to each other or leave an electronic message on someone else's telephone. You can even use a computer linked to your home telephone to switch on the lights, start the cooking and pull the curtains!

If you want to send a copy of a document, a photograph or a drawing to someone, you can use a fax (facsimile) machine. Fax machines are rather like photocopiers, except that they are linked to telephone lines. You dial the number of the machine you want to contact and put the document in your machine. It scans the drawing and writing and sends signals along the telephone line. The receiving machine builds up the page again line by line and prints it out.

Questions:

- i) Who improved the telephone a few years later?
- ii) What happens when you talk to your friend?
- iii) How does your friend hear your voice?
- iv) What can the telephone do today?
- v) What is a fax machine?

- Q.5** Write an essay in 350 words on ANY ONE of the following topics: (15)

- a) Corruption-Can it be eradicated?
- b) If I were the Prime Minister of India
- c) Environmental Protection

Subject : Economics-I

Day : Thursday  
Date : 21/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80

**N.B.**

- 1) **Q.No. 1 is COMPULSORY.**
- 2) Answer any **FIVE** questions from the remaining.
- 3) Give diagrams wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

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- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR**: (20)
- a) Economics as a Social Science
  - b) Role of Trade Unions
  - c) Determinants of Demand
  - d) Exception to the law of Supply
  - e) Technology and growth
  - f) Labour Productivity
- Q.2** Explain the Oligopoly type of market structure. How the price is determined in Oligopoly? (12)
- Q.3** 'For a small size business, sole proprietorship is a better type than partnership'. Explain. (12)
- Q.4** 'IMF has helped India in developing its International Trade'. Explain. (12)
- Q.5** How Social Welfare and Social Justice are taken care of, in mixed economy? (12)
- Q.6** Explain the quantitative and qualitative measures of Credit Control used by RBI. (12)
- Q.7** What are the functions of Capital? Explain the liquidity preference theory of interest. (12)
- Q.8** 'Saving and Investment are affected by the habits of consumption of the people.' Explain. (12)
- Q.9** What are the features of an underdeveloped economy? (12)
- Q.10** 'India is trying to solve its economic problem at a satisfactory level'. Explain. (12)



Subject : Business Organization

Day : Saturday

Date : 09/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **SIX** questions in all including Q. No1 which is **COMPULSORY**
  - 2) Q. No.1 carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes ( Any 4 out of 6)
- a) Business concept and economic activity
  - b) Mergers and Acquisitions
  - c) Multinational Organization
  - d) Public Utilities
  - e) Trade Associations
  - f) Chambers of Commerce
- Q.2** What are the requisites of a successful business?
- Q.3** Explain in detail the formation of a company.
- Q.4** Which are the factors to be considered before establishing a business enterprise?
- Q.5** Explain the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association.
- Q.6** Which are the different forms of business ownership? Explain in detail a Partnership.
- Q.7** Which are the different channels of Distribution? What do you mean by External Trade?
- Q.8** How did commerce develop after Industrial Revolution? How has Indian Business grown?
- Q.9** What do you understand by Small and Medium Business Enterprises?
- Q.10** Explain Public and Private Sector.

Subject : Fundamentals of Management

Day : Thursday

Date : 07/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Answer Any **FIVE** questions from section - **I**. Each question carries **10** marks.
  - 2) Answer Any **TWO** questions from section - **II**. Each question carries **15** marks.
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**SECTION-I**

- Q.1** What is management? Explain with examples the skills required by managers at different levels.
- Q.2** Explain how the Hawthorne Experiments have led to the emergence of the Human Relations school.
- Q.3** What are the advantages and disadvantages of the Functional organization structure?
- Q.4** Define leadership. Explain giving examples as to how a leader is different from a manager.
- Q.5** Explain in brief the process of planning.
- Q.6** What is delegation of authority? Explain the factors that hamper delegation of authority.
- Q.7** Write short notes on Any **TWO** of the following:  
a) Feed forward and feed back control  
b) Strategic planning  
c) Importance of ethics for managers

**SECTION-II**

- Q.8** Identify giving reasons the factors you think compel today's organizations to decentralize.
- Q.9** Identify the various leadership styles. Which styles do you think are the most effective for today's organizations? Why?
- Q.10** "Undertaking Social Responsibility is an important aspect for the development of any organization". Explain giving reasons.



Subject : General English - I

Day : Tuesday

Date : 12/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 

**Q.1 A)** Combine the following sentences using connective: **[10]**

- a) He is very wise. He, cannot be duped. (use too)
- b) It was rainy. They used their raincoats and wind cheaters. (use so)
- c) Everyone was studying. Shridhar was dancing. (but)
- d) She likes spinach and lettuce. They are green leafy vegetables. (use because)
- e) Be punctual. You will be punished. (use or)

**B)** Correct the following sentences (**ANY TEN**): **[10]**

- a) He shaken the glass.
- b) Everyone knows better than yourself.
- c) The news are bad.
- d) No one can depend his word.
- e) I am intent to win.
- f) He investigated into the case.
- g) He despaired to succeed.
- h) A modest man does not boast his merits.
- i) Do not prevent me to work.
- j) His father died since last Thursday.
- k) He is addicted to gamble.
- l) I insisted to have my fees paid.

**Q.2 A)** Rewrite as directed: **[10]**

- a) I do not know what I shall do in such a situation. (make it simple)
- b) Shun the evil path. (change the voice)
- c) Oh! We have won the match. (make it assertive)
- d) He ordered the police to pursue the thief. (make it passive)
- e) Everyman makes mistakes sometimes. (change into negative)
- f) "Sit down boys," said the teacher (make it indirect)
- g) He is not Ahmed. (add a question tag)
- h) Only Muslims are welcome. (change into complex)
- i) We must eat or we cannot live. (change into simple)
- j) She is very simple. (add a question tag)

- B)** Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions: [10]
- A small child sat \_\_\_\_\_ a tree.
  - She set the house \_\_\_\_\_ fire.
  - He slept \_\_\_\_\_ 9'o'clock.
  - He was stabbed \_\_\_\_\_ a lunatic.
  - He has been ill \_\_\_\_\_ Monday.
  - She will join tuitions \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.
  - The cow lives \_\_\_\_\_ grass.
  - Let me introduce you \_\_\_\_\_ my friends.
  - The thief begged \_\_\_\_\_ mercy.
  - The young man was accused \_\_\_\_\_ trespass.

- Q.3** Explain ANY FIVE of the following legal terms: [10]
- |               |                        |
|---------------|------------------------|
| a) Accomplice | d) Bail                |
| b) Ipso facto | e) Criminal conspiracy |
| c) Abet       | f) Summons             |

- Q.4** Read the passage and answer the questions given below: [15]

Himachal Pradesh, known as Devbhoomi and the Apple State of the country, has emerged as the frontrunner in education, health, social services, women empowerment, environment protection, and employment generation. It has seen a meteoric rise in all spheres in the last 22 months. Himachal has been ranked 'No.1 State in India' by India Today, for its investment climate, primary education and healthcare. Social Security Pension is being provided to over 2.52 lakh old, widowed and handicapped people. The allocation under the SC sub-plan has been enhanced to Rs 668 crore in 2009-10. Over 2 lakh below poverty line families have been given health care. Over 28,000 government jobs have been created. The state has provided 50% reservation in Panchayati Raj Institutions and local bodies to women. The insurance cover under Matri Shakti Bima Yojana has also been enhanced. Villages with more than 500 people are likely to get road connectivity this year. The goal is to reach all villages with more than 250 heads by 2010. Himachal is becoming the education hub of the country with prestigious institutions reaching the state.

**Questions:**

- Which place is called Dev Bhoomi?
- Why has Himachal Pradesh been ranked as No.1 state in India?
- What has it done for women empowerment?
- Which villages are likely to get road connectivity?
- To whom is social security pension provided?

- Q.5** Write an essay in about 350 words on ANY ONE of the following topics: [15]
- The Joys of Travelling
  - Freedom of Religion
  - Role of a Lawyer

Subject : Legal Methods & Process

Day : Tuesday

Date : 19/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.:**

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all out of which **Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) **Q. NO. 1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) Substantive law
  - b) Customs
  - c) Legal encyclopedia
  - d) Muslim Law
  - e) Politics
  - f) Public law
- Q.2** Law is the enterprise of subjecting human conduct to the governance of rules. Discuss the meaning and nature of law.
- Q.3** Critically evaluate Precedent as one of the important sources of law.
- Q.4** Write a detail note on Law and Morals.
- Q.5** A legislative process looks to the future and changes the existing conditions by making a new rule to be applied thereafter to all or some part of these subjects to its power. Evaluate the legislative process of law making.
- Q.6** Discuss the Functions of Law with the help of appropriate illustrations.
- Q.7** Rigidity, complexity and formalism weakens the implementation of law in the society. Explain the weaknesses and limits of law.
- Q.8** Examine the primary resources of Law.
- Q.9** The basic source of the common law is the great wealth of judicial decisions. Elaborate the salient features of the common law legal system.
- Q.10** Explain in detail the characteristics of the Traditional Law Legal System.



Subject : Sociology - I

Day : Thursday  
Date : 21/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80

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**N.B.**

- 1) **Q.No.1 is COMPULSORY** which carries **20** marks.
  - 2) Out of the remaining attempt any **FIVE** questions. Each question carries **12** marks.
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**Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** :

- a) Cultural lag
- b) Deviant sub-culture
- c) Ideal method
- d) Association
- e) Customs
- f) Need of social control

**Q.2** Do you agree with the view that sociology can never be a science? If no, explain.

**Q.3** Explain the various types of society.

**Q.4** Discuss the advantages and limitations of the methods of study of sociology.

**Q.5** "Sociology and Jurisprudence are intimately related to each other". Explain

**Q.6** Define social control and discuss various means of social control.

**Q.7** Explain the "Deviant Behaviour" and state various causes of deviant behaviour.

**Q.8** Examine the effect of technological factors in social change.

**Q.9** Describe the characteristics of primary group and distinguish it with secondary group.

**Q.10** Define social Institution. How does it differ from an association?

Subject : Political Science - I

Day : Friday  
Date : 15/04/2011



Time : 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks : 80

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**N.B:**

- 1) Questions No. 1 is **COMPULSORY** and carries **20** marks.
  - 2) Attempt **ANY FIVE** questions from the rest.
  - 3) Questions No. 2 to question No. 10 carry **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:
- a) John Locke's description about Human nature and State of nature
  - b) Aristotle's classification of Government
  - c) Principles of Democratic Socialism
  - d) Lenin's contribution to Marxism
  - e) Features of medieval political thought
  - f) Classical Hindu conception of state
- Q.2** Define the term State. Explain Divine origin theory & Evolutionary theory of the origin of the state.
- Q.3** Critically evaluate John Austin's theory of Sovereignty'.
- Q.4** Explain Plato's concepts of Justice & Ideal state'.
- Q.5** Discuss John Mill as a pioneer of Liberalism.
- Q.6** Answer in brief.
- a) Features of Fascism
  - b) Gandhian concept of Truth and Non-Violence
- Q.7** Define the term Nazism. Explain its features, two merits & two demerits.
- Q.8** Answer in brief.
- a) 'Population' and 'Sovereignty' as elements of state.
  - b) Marxist concept of 'State'.
- Q.9** Critically evaluate Gandhian theory of Sarvodaya.
- Q.10** Examine Karl Marx views about 'Revolution' and 'Communist society'.